WESTERN RED BAT

Martin Gonzalez
**Scientific Name:** *Lasiurus blossevillii*

**Common Name:** Western Red Bat

**Global Rarity:** Apparently Secure

**State Rarity:** California Species of Special Concern; Vulnerable

**UCSC Rarity:** Uncommon

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**General Description**

The Western Red Bat is a medium-sized bat that weighs 0.25-0.5 ounces and has a wingspan ranging 11.4-13 inches long. This species roosts only in the foliage of trees, preferring low-mid elevation riparian forests. Aside from mating and migration, the species is solitary. The California central coast population appears to be non-migratory.

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**Identification**

**Color:** Western Red Bats have orange-brown to yellow-brown fur with a furry tail membrane. The males are often brighter and have deeper red coloration than the females, who are slightly larger than the males. Body, but not face, fur can sometimes be white to silver-tipped. Despite their bright color, they can be difficult to see when roosting, as they can resemble dead leaves.

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**Geographic Range and Seasonal Movements**

Western Red Bats are located throughout portions of the western and central United States, and much of Mexico, Central America, and South America. While most migrate to the southern portion of their range in winter, some populations are resident. Genetic work has shown that individuals in western Canada and northwestern US are actually Eastern Red Bats.
The Western Red Bat can be found in forest, chaparral, and riparian (streamside), and possibly agricultural areas of the UCSC campus.

## Life history

**Habitat:** Western Red Bats live in and on the edges of forests, rivers, fields, agricultural areas, and even forage around street lights.

**Reproduction:** Breeding season is from August to September but the fertilization does not occur until spring, as the females can store sperm from the male, waiting for optimal conditions. After 80-90 days, the female gives birth to 1-4 young who will cling to their mother’s fur for most of the beginning of their lives.

**Behavior:** The bats usually fly in heights ranging from a few feet above ground to the tree line and are known for hanging on to branches and roosting areas by one foot. The species is nocturnal, often feeding in a pulse just after sunset and another just before sunrise.

**Diet:** Western Red bats are insectivores and will eat a variety of mostly flying insects including moths, flying ants, and beetles but can also occasionally eat ground insects.

**Predators:** The Western Red Bat’s natural predators include falcons, scrub jays, roadrunners, feral cats, opossums, raccoons, and owls.

## Research Highlights and Fun Facts

- Western Red Bats were split taxonomically from Eastern Red Bats (*Lasiurus borealis*) in 1988.
- Western Red Bats often give birth to twins.
- Individuals can roost alone, but in a study in SW New Mexico, those roosting in groups of 2 to 3 had greater roost fidelity compared to those roosting solo.
**Conservation Status:**
California Species of Special Concern

**Threats**

**Statewide**
1. Loss of riparian areas from development, alteration of hydrology, and climate change effects
2. Pesticide use in orchards, though more study is needed
3. Western Red Bat is not known to be affected by White Nose Syndrome

**UCSC campus**
1. Development in riparian and zones or forested areas on campus
2. Alteration of hydrology that may affect riparian areas

**Ways you can help**
1. Support the protection of riparian areas
2. Support organic agriculture


Central Coast Bat Survey. n.d. Western red bat (Lasiurus blossevillii). Retrieved from https://centralcoastbatsurvey.org/western-red-bat/#:~:text=Roosting%3A%20Western%20red%20bats%20are,from%20a%20twig%20or%20branch on 15 May 2021.


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